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CUMBERLAND GAP HISTORIC DISTRICT - KENTUCKY

This district comprises that portion of the Cumberland Gap vicinity which lies in Kentucky and is within the boundaries of Cumberland Gap National Historical Park. Cumberland Gap is a notch in a narrow section of Cumberland Mountain, part of the Allegheny chain at the southern corner of Kentucky. The ridge of the mountain runs generally from northeast to southwest and the Gap is a result of a block fault running perpendicular to this axis. The Gap is delineated by two peaks: to the northeast is the Pinnacle, and to the southwest is the Tri-State Peak, where the states of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Virginia meet.

A natural passage through the Gap runs northwest from 1350 feet at the base of the mountain in Virginia, enters Kentucky at 1650 feet in the "saddle of the Gap", then curves southward as it descends the western slope to 1150 feet at the base of the mountain. The Pinnacle is 800 feet above the saddle at 2440 feet, and Tri-State Peak is 1980 feet in elevation. Originally an Oak-Chestnut hardwood forest, the present flora is a second or third growth Oak-Hickory forest covering the slopes.

The Kentucky District extends northeast of the ridge of mountain and covers the western slope, forming a rough rectangle about 4500 feet by 3000 feet. It is bisected by U.S. 25-E, a three-lane highway passing through the Gap owned by the United States, but the highway is on a deed easement and is excluded from the historic district. Also, excluded are park developments of the Pinnacle Road and Overlook Complex as well as a 100' right of way above a railroad tunnel owned by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. The district includes 12 historic structures:

1. Wilderness Road (G-51 KV)

The Wilderness Road in Kentucky led from the saddle of Cumberland Gap to the northeast, curving to the east as it descended the mountain, leaving the present Park boundary near the confluence of Davis Branch and Little Yellow Creek.

Prior to becoming part of the Wilderness Road in the late eighteenth century, this route was a buffalo trace used by Indians and occasional white traders and hunters. The path was gradually improved during the later half of the eighteenth century and widened for use by wagons in 1796. It remained a wagon path in poor repair during most of the nineteenth century including the Civil War period when it was called the "Kentucky State Road". In 1908 a macadam highway was constructed along the general route of the Wilderness Road and this road is presently U.S. 25-E.

The exact route of the original trace cannot be stated with certainty. However, evidence of the Civil War road is present. This road is obliterated by the modern highway for 1250 feet near the saddle of the Gap. The original road then runs south of the highway for 3480 feet ending at the Pinnacle Road near the base of the mountain. This section is in good condition though slightly overgrown. Although this road can only be identified with certainty as the Civil War "Kentucky State Road", it is probable that it was, in part, the Wilderness Road.

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Significance: First Order

JTM Grid Coordinates: Point A 17/260480/4054330

Point B 17/260200/2054170 Point C 17/260160/4054240 Point D 17/259820/4054360

Acreage: 0.97 acre

Recommended treatment: Restoration of the wagon path. Preliminary cost estimate for the above: 51,000,000

Photographs enclosed,

2. Fort Pcote (G-52)

Euilt in 1861, Fort Foote is Civil War defensive position for cannon placement. The Fort is one of eight such forts of primitive earthwork construction placed along both sides of the road to defend against enemy movement through the pass. Of these eight, two forks have been obliterated by the construction of U. S. 25-E. This fort was constructed by the Confederate Army which, under the command of General Felix Zollicoffer, first occupied the Gap in 1861. Named Fort Hunter by the Confederates, it was later called Fort Foote by the Union Army, and was occupied under General George W. Morgan in 1862. The Cap area and Forts chacged hands twice again, remaining in Union control at the end of the War.

Fort Foote is located on the northwest slope of the Tri-State Peak at an elevation of 1820 feet. Originally it was a rectangular platform, 46' x 34', faced on two sides by 5' high earthen terms, reinforced by sod-filled baskets, or "gabions". The position included an 8' x 6', 7' high log powder magazine and a 24' x 4' rifle pit. The present remains of Fort Foote consist of a flat area with a 30' long mound on its southern edge-

Significance: 2nd order

UTM Grid Coordinates: 17/260550/405490

Acreage: 0.13 acre

Recommended treatment: Preservation of site.
Preliminary cost estimate for the above: C

Photographs enclosed,

Fort Nathaniel Lyon (G-53)

was used alternately by both armies until the end of the War, and was called Fort Pitts the Confederate builders. The Fort is located on the ridge of Cumberland Mountain near the Pinnacle, at an elevation of 2505 feet. It was originally composed of six

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zig-zagging log and earthen walls, with 5 triangular abutments or "embrasures", and an underground log magazine. The structure measured 240' X 60' with a depth of 2'9" to 6'6". The magazine was 9' X 7', 8' high, and 10' underground. The present remains are four zig-zagging, overgrown mounds.

Significance: 2nd order

UTM Grid Coordinates: 17/261530/4054250

Acreage: 0.33 acre

Recommended treatment: Preservation of site

Preliminary cost estimate for above: 0

Photographs enclosed.

4. Fort Robert L. McCook (G-54)

Called Fort Rains by the Confederates, this structure is a Civil War cannon position built by the Confederates in 1861 and used alternately by both armies until the end of the War. It is located on the west slope of the Pinnacle at an elevation of 1860 feet. Originally the Fort was a semicircular platform measuring 49' X 45' with four 5' walls of earth, reinforced with gabions and a log retaining wall. Presently the site consists of the platform with portions of the berms existant but partially overgrown. This is a developed interpretive site with a cannon displayed and two wooden signs. Adjacent to the site are a paved path and parking lot.

Significance: 2nd order

UTM Grid Coordinates: 17/260760/4054560

Acreage: 0.05 acre

Recommended treatment: Preservation of site Preliminary cost estimate for the above: 0

Photographs enclosed.

5. Fort Farragut (G-55)

This Fort is a Civil War cannon position called Fort Churchwell by the Confederates who built it in 1861. It was held alternately by each army until the end of the War. It is located on the ridge of Cumberland Mountain south of the Tri-State Marker, at an elevation of 2040 feet. It was originally a linear structure with a long, gabionreinforced wall, and a shorter wall angled at one end. It measured 35' X 70' with a wall height from 2'9" to 3'3". It is now a signed interpretive site with a curved elongate mound 60' long.

Significance: 2nd order

UTM Grid Coordinates: 17/260510/4053300

Acreage: 0.06 acre

Recommended Treatment: Preservation of site Preliminary cost estimate for above: 0

Photographs enclosed.

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6. Fort Edgar (G-56)

This Civil War Cannon position was built in 1861 and called Fort Green by the Confederate builders. It was used by both armies throughout the War. It is located on the north slope of the mountain near the Pinnacle, at an elevation of 2260 feet. It was originally a 200' X 300' oval hilltop, bordered by a 10' earthen wall. It included gabions at one corner and four rectangular mounds in the interior for cannon placement. At present, the site is heavily overgrown, but the perimeter berm is intact and traces of the interior mounds exist.

Significance: 2nd order

UTM Grid Coordinates: 17/261350/4054460

Acreage: 1.38 acre

Recommended Treatment: Preservation of site

Preliminary cost estimate for above: 0

Photographs enclosed.

7. Fort McRae (G-57)

A Civil War cannon position, this fort was built in 1861. It was first named Fort Mallory, and was used by both armies throughout the War. It is located on the west slope of the Pinnacle at an elevation of 1960 feet. It was a generally rectangular 68' X 40' structure with a seven-sided earth and gabion wall five feet high, and a 10' X 10', 6' high magazine in the center. Present remains include a 9' X 11' stone square representing the magazine and traces of the berm.

Significance: 2nd order

UTM Grid Coordinates: 17/260900/4054680

Acreage: 0.62 acre

Recommended Treatment: Preservation of site Preliminary cost estimate for the above: 0 Photographs enclosed.

8. Morgan's Commissary (G-58)

This Civil War structure was used to house and disperse supplies. It was built in early summer 1862 by the Union Seventh Division under General Morgan, and was burned in September of that year during Morgan's evacuation of the Gap. It is located on the north slope of Tri-State Peak at an elevation of 1680 feet. The building was probably of log construction and was 180 feet in length. The present remains consist only of a flattened level area of the same length.

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Simificance: 2nd order

III: Grid Coordinates: 17/260640/405396

Acreage: 0.12 acre

Resourcended Treatment: Preservation of site

Profiminary cost estimate for above: 0

Pittographs enclosed.

9. Inion Powder Magazine (G-59)

This underground structure was used for the storage of gun powder during the Civil War. Built in 1861 or 1862 by either army, it was exploded during Morgan's evacuation in September 1862. It is located on the north slope of the Tri-State Peak at an elevation of 1760 feet. Details of its original design are unknown and the remains consist of a crater, 52' X 30', 30' deep.

Significance: 2nd order

TIL gid Coordinates: 17/260540/4054000

Acreage: 0.04 acre

Recommended Treatment: Preservation of site

Preliminary cost estimate for above: 0

Photographs enclosed

10. Harlan Road (G-60)

This Civil War period. wagon road ran from Cumberland Gap, north to Harlan, Kentucky. = probably built during the Civil War, which is when historical evidence first appears, and was used until the Skyland Road (now called the Pinnacle Road) was constricted over e portion of it in 1929, prior to the area becoming a Park. The Harlan Rogi runs north from the Saddle of the Gap past Fort McCook. Originally, an unimproved in road, it " ~presentremains within the historic district consist of a 10-foot Tie overgrown trace running 1100 Feet north from the Pinnacle Road near Fort McCook.

Significance: 3rd order

17/260820/4054700 TIN Grid Coordinates: Point A

Point B 17/261050/4055050

Acreage: 0.25 acre

Recommended Treatment: Preservation of site

Freliminary cost estimate for above: 0 Frotographs enclosed.

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11. Fort McCook - Fort Lyon Road (G-61)

This dirt road was built during the Civil War to service the Forts, and was probably used until the Skyland Road was built in 1929. It ran from Fort McCook up to Fort Lyon, along the ridge of the mountain, and down the east slope through Lewis Hollow. The only remains are a 2200 foot portion between the two forts. This trail is heavily overgrown and deeply eroded in several places.

Significance: 3rd order

UTM Grid Coordinates: Point A 17/260870/4054550

Point B 17/261060/4054620

Point C 17/261370/4054260

Acreage: 0.45 acre

Recommended Treatment: Preservation of site Preliminary cost estimate for the above: 0

Photographs enclosed.

12. Fort Farragut Road (G-62 KVT)

Another Civil War service road, this ran from near the Saddle of the Gap to Fort Foote, Tri-State Peak, and Fort Farragut. Built during the Civil War this road was probably used until the Park trails were constructed in 1958, and portions have been incorporated into the Park trail. The remaining trace frums south-southwest from near the Saddle of the Gap for 1100 feet. Here it branches, one fork following the park trail 850 feet to Fort Foote, the other following the Tri-State Peak trail 1250 feet before entering Virginia.

Significance: 3rd order

UTM Grid Coordinates: Point A 17/260760/4054070

Point B 17/260500/4053980

Point C 17/260550/4054090

Point D 17/260560/4053860

Point E 17/260730/4053930

Acreage: 0.59 acre

Recommended Treatment: Preservation of site Preliminary cost estimate for the above: 0

Photographs enclosed.



PERIOD		AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW

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SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Cumberland Gap has been for centuries a passageway for man, baing the only easily accessible pass through the Allegheny Mountains. It has witnessed the movement of peoples from aboriginal Indians to modern travelers, and has played an important role in the westward expansion of the United States.

Prior to 1750, the primary users of this pass were Indians. Probably following buffalo paths, these early hunters found the route through the mountains and established a trail between the Tennessee Valley and the rich hunting grounds of Kentucky. Due to competition for game, different tribes began to battle for the right to use this land, and the trail became part of the "Warriors path".

After the discovery of Cumberland Gap by Dr. Thomas Walker in 1750, increasing numbers of white men from the Virginia and the Carolina Colonies passed through Cumberland Gap in search of new land and good hunting, but two wars and the fear of Indian attacks prevented large numbers of permanent settlers from going vest before 1790. In the interim, men like Daniel Boone made the area and themselves famous by their long, perilous trips through the Gap into the Kentucky Wilderness. In 1775, Boone blazed a trail from the Holston River in Tennessee through Cumberland Gap to the Kentucky River, giving the route the name of "Boone's Trace".

During the 1790's a mass of immigrants passed through Cumberland Gap into Kentucky at the rate of nearly 100 per day. These people were lured to the cheap lands to the west, and began pouring through the Gap as soon as western travel seemed safe. But the Gap's gained importance began to decline as more people used the easier route through the Ohio Valley. Westward travel through the Gap nearly ceased by 1800. During the decade of heavy use, the trail through the mountains was known as "The Wilderness Road".

Through the nineteenth century, Cumberland Gap was a locally important commercial passage, used by stockmen and merchants more than immigrants. Only during the Civil War did the Gap again come to national prominence. Judged an important strategic pass by both sides, it was strongly fortified and held alternately by the Union and Confederate Armies, but never was the scene of a major battle. Since the Civil War, Cumberland Gap has continued to serve as a passage, though part of the Wilderness Road which gave it its original importance has been obliterated. The road has been improved, graded and widened continually during this century, as Cumberland Cap has continued its function as a passageway for man.

U.S. Highway 25-E and other modern conveniences has caused the Gap to lose some of its historical flavor, but it is still the scene of one or the great migrations to the west. Loss of the Gap and its remaining historic structures would mean the loss of an area that effectively tells of the great trans-allegheny migration of 1775-1800.

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FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPE	DTV IC INCLUDED IN	THE NATIONAL DE	CISTER 11 1/2.	* **** .
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KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER

